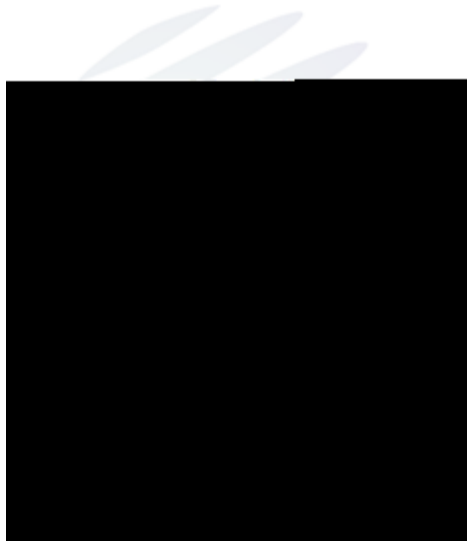


# SPECIFICATION



Mass Product



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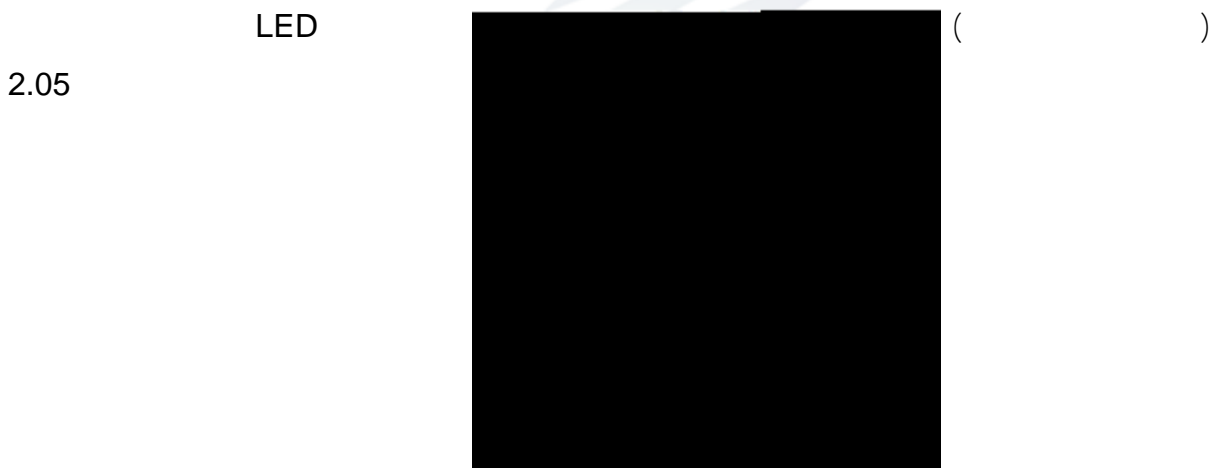
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## 1. Description

### 1.1 General Description

The product is a full-color LED device, Common anode RGB SMD, High contrast (Surface brush ink technology),The product size: 2.05mmX2.15mmX1.9mm.



## 1.4 Package Dimension

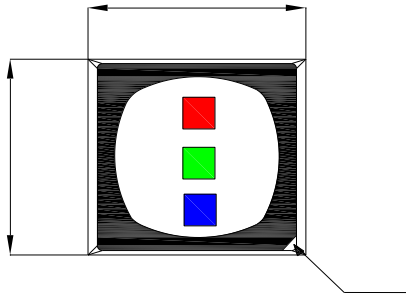


Fig.1-1 Top view

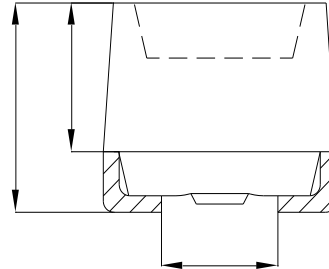


Fig.1-2 Side view

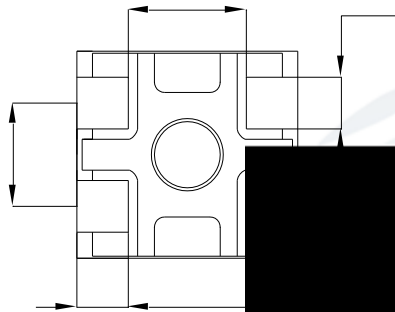


Fig.1-3 Bottom view

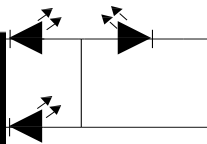


Fig.1-4 Polarity

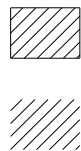


Fig.1-5 Soldering patterns

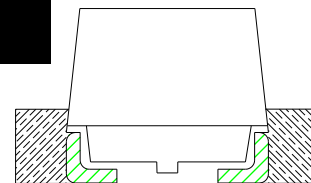
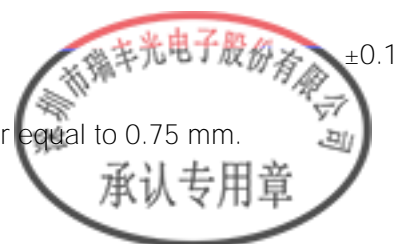


Fig.1-6 Glue filling

### Notes

1. All dimensions units are millimeters.
2. All dimensions tolerances are  $\pm 0.1$ mm unless otherwise noted.
3. Recommendation for glue filling: filling height must be higher than or equal to 0.75 mm.

0.75 mm



## 1.5 Product Parameters

Table 1-1 Electrical / Optical Characteristics at Ts=25°C

Item	Symbol	Test Condition	Value			Unit
			R	G	B	
Reverse Current	$I_R$	$V_R=5V$	6	6	6	
Forward Voltage	$V_F$ (min)	R $I_F = 15mA$ G $I_F = 15mA$ B	1.7	2.4	2.4	V
	$V_F$ (max)		2.4	3.2	3.2	V
Dominant Wavelength	$\lambda_D$		617~ 628	520~540	460~475	nm
			5nm per Bin	3nm per Bin	3nm per Bin	
Spectrum Radiation Bandwidth			24	38	30	nm
Luminous Intensity	$I_{V(min)}$		425	1000	140	mcd
	$I_{V(avg)}$			1600	230	mcd
	$I_{V(max)}$			2560	370	mcd
	BIN Range			1:1.3	1:1.3	
Viewing Angle	1/2			110		deg

Table 1-2 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Absolute Maximum Ratings			Unit
		R	G	B	
Forward Current	$I_F$	20	15	15	mA
Reverse Voltage	$V_R$	5	5	5	V
Operating Temperature	$T_{OPR}$	-30 ~ +85			
Storage Temperature	$T_{STQ}$	-40 ~ +100			
Power Dissipation	$P_D$	48	48	48	mW
	$T_J$	100	100	100	
Electrostatic Discharge (HBM)	$E_{SD}$	1000V			

Notes

1. The above forward voltage measurement allowance tolerance is  $\pm 0.1V$ .  $\pm 0.1V$
2. The above Tolerance of measurement of dominant wavelength  $\pm 1nm$ .  $\pm 1nm$
3. The above luminous intensity measurement allowance tolerance  $\pm 10\%$ .  $\pm 10\%$
4. Care is to be taken that power dissipation does not exceed the absolute maximum rating of the product.
5. All measurements were made under the standardized environment of Refond.
6. Luminous intensity range is for reference only,specific parameters please refer to the label.

1.6 Typical optical character

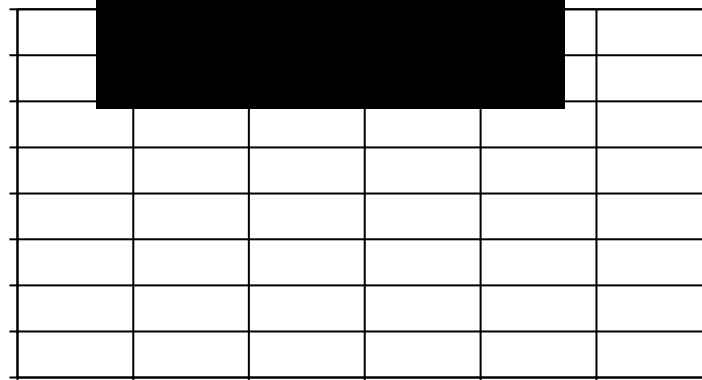


Fig 1-6 Forward Voltage Vs. Forward Current

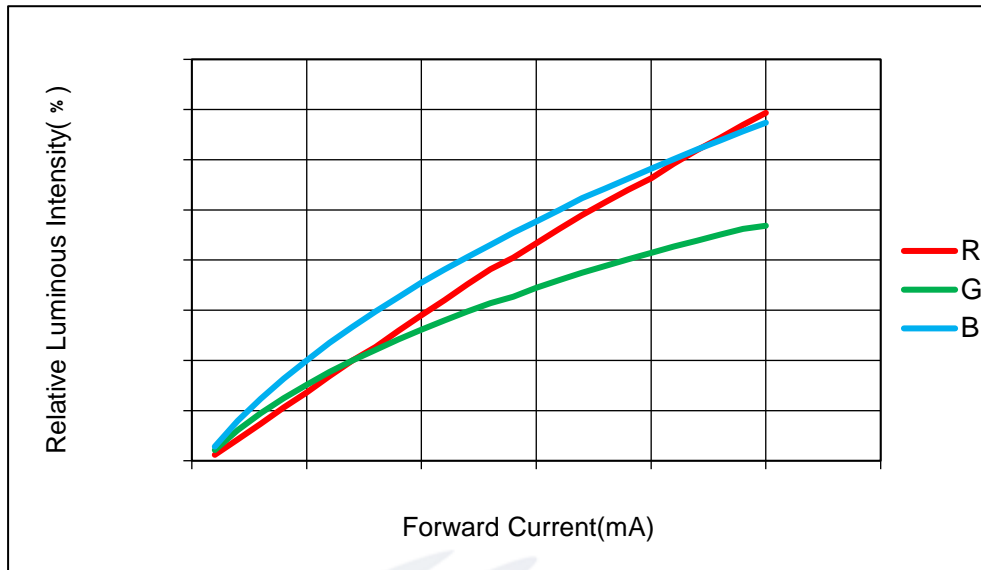


Fig 1-7 Forward

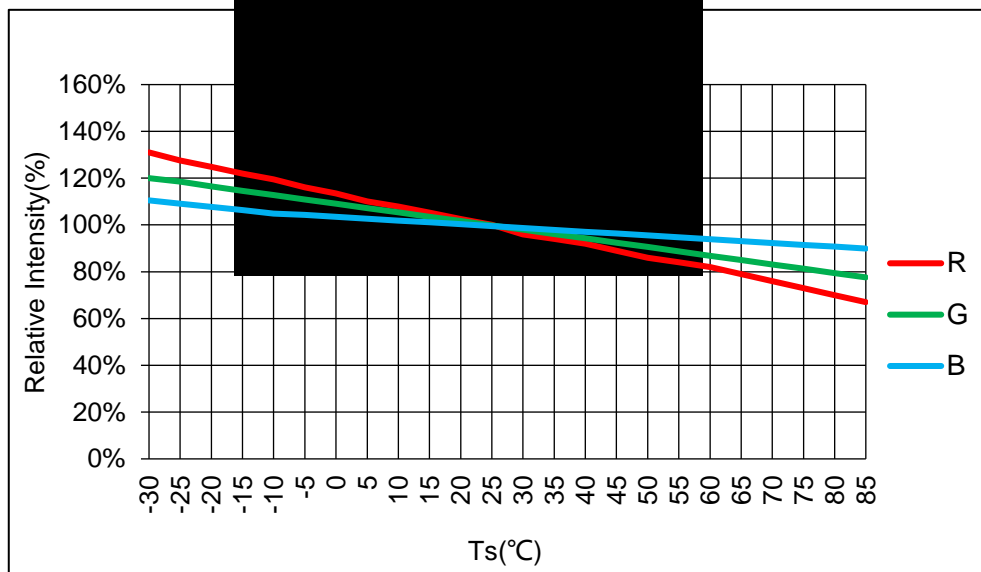


Fig 1-8 Luminous Intensity VS Ambient Temperature





Fig 1-9 Solder Te

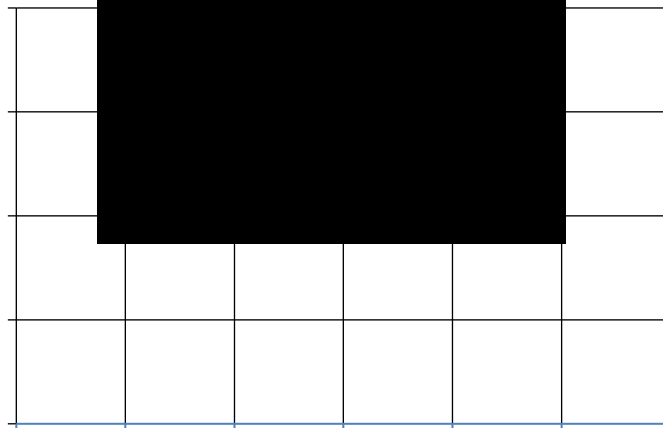


Fig 1-10 Spectrum Distribution

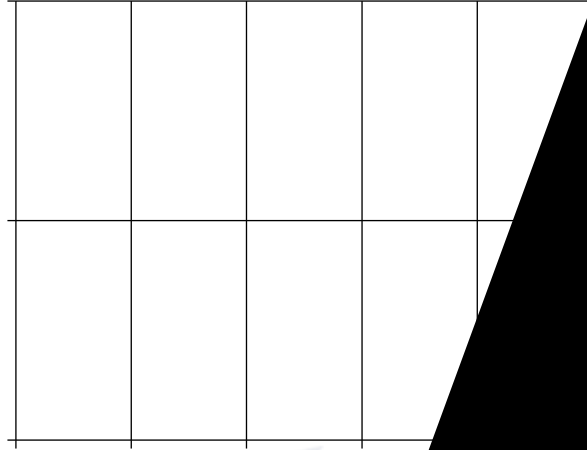



Fig 1-11

Fig 1

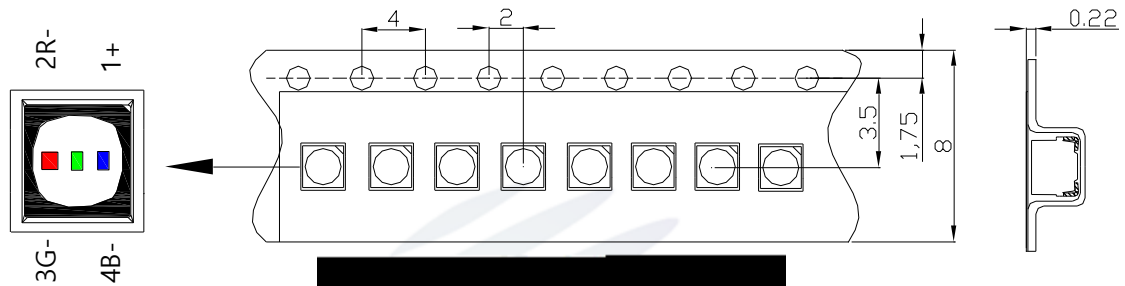
工业电子网

## 2. Packaging

### 2.1 Packaging Specification

Package:13000pcs/reel. 13000pcs

#### 2.1.1 Carrier Tape Dimension



#### 2.1.2 Reel Dimension

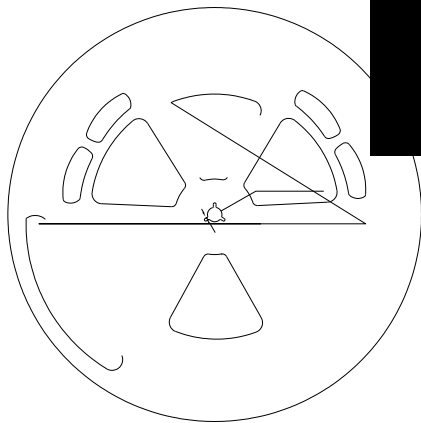


Fig.2-2 Reel

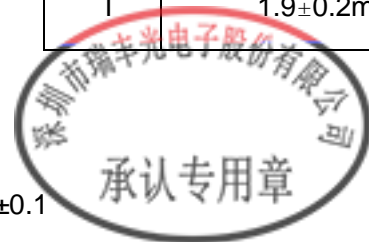
Table 2-1 Dimension

A	400±2mm
B	100.0±0.4mm
C	14.3±0.3mm
D	2.6±0.2mm
E	12.4±0.3mm
F	8.6 0.2/-0.3 mm
T	1.9±0.2mm

#### Notes

The tolerances unless mentioned ±0.1mm. Unit : mm

±0.1



### 2.1.3 Label Form Specification

Table 2-2 Description

PART NO.	Part Number
	Lot Number
LOT NO.	

Fig 2-3 Label

### 2.2 Moisture Resistant Pack

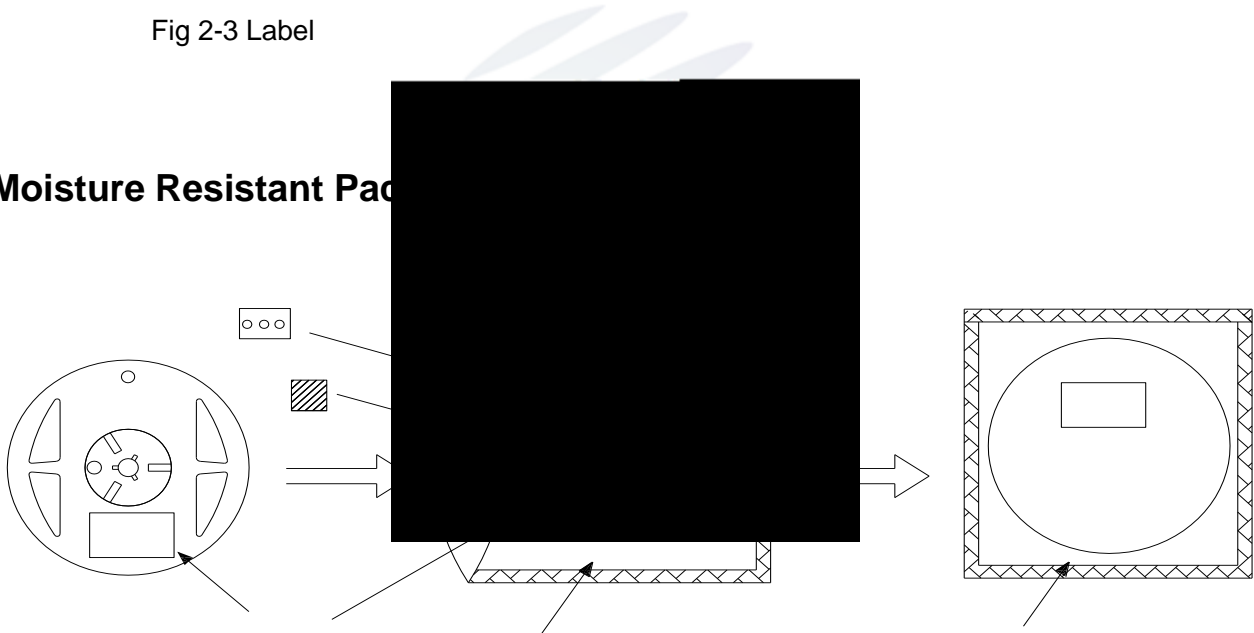


Fig.2-4 Pack

### 2.3 Cardboard Box

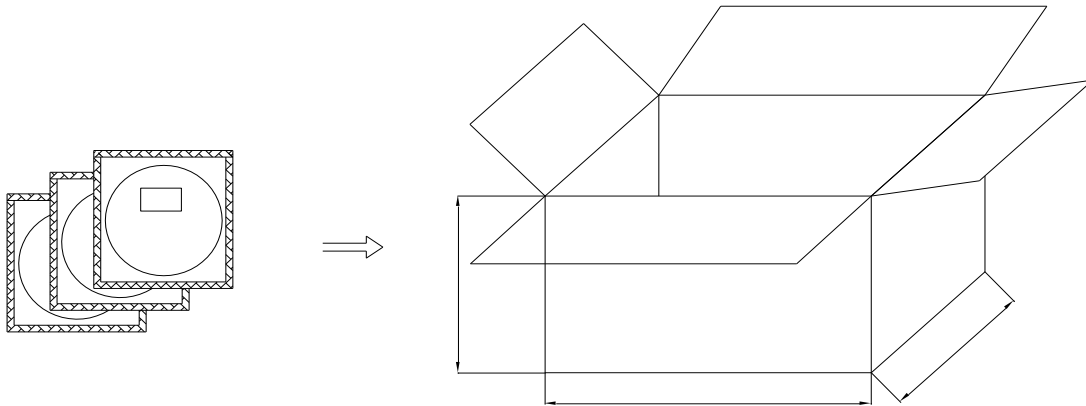


Fig.2-5 Box

### 2.4 Reliability Test Items And Conditions

Table

Test Items	Ref.Standard	Test Condition	Time	Quantity	Ac/Re /
Resistance to Soldering Heat	JEDEC		3times	22pcs.	0/1
Thermal Shock	JEITAED-4701 300 307	10s 100 15min	500cycle	22pcs.	0/1
Moisture Resistance	IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020D.1	1. Moisture Absorption Ta=85 / RH=85%/12HR 2. Tsol=250 , T=10s Reflow Soldering	3times	22pcs.	0/1

Low Temperature Storage	JEITA ED-4701 200 202	Temp:-40	1000hrs.	22pcs.	0/1
Room Temperature Operating Life	JESD22-A108	T <sub>A</sub> =25 I <sub>F</sub> =15mA	1000hrs.	22pcs.	0/1
High Temperature High Humidity Life Test	JESD22-A101	85 / 85%RH I <sub>F</sub> =10mA	500hrs.	22pcs.	0/1
Temperature Humidity Storage	JEITA ED-4701 100 103	T <sub>A</sub> =85 R <sub>H</sub> =85%	1000hrs.	22pcs.	0/1
Low Temperature Life Test	JESD22-A108		1000hrs.	22pcs.	0/1

## 2.5 Criteria For Judging Data

Test Items	Symbol	Test Condition	Criteria For Judgement
Forward Voltage	V <sub>F</sub>	I <sub>F</sub> =20mA	Initial Data±10% ±10%
Reverse Current	I <sub>R</sub>	V <sub>R</sub> = 5V	I <sub>R</sub>
Luminous Intensity	I <sub>V</sub>	I <sub>F</sub> =20mA	Average I <sub>V</sub> degradation rate 30%
Material appearance	/	/	No internal cracks, no material between stripped, no deaded light

Notes

1. The Reliability tests are based on Refond existing test platform.
2. The above reliability tests is based on the verification of a single/strip LED of Refond's existing experimental platform, the reliability experiment was taken under good heat dissipation conditions. when customers applies the LED to the series and parallel circuit, should take consideration of all the factors such as the current, voltage distribution, heat dissipation and others.

LED

/ LED

### 3. SMT Reflow Soldering Instructions SMT

#### 3.1 SMT Reflow Soldering

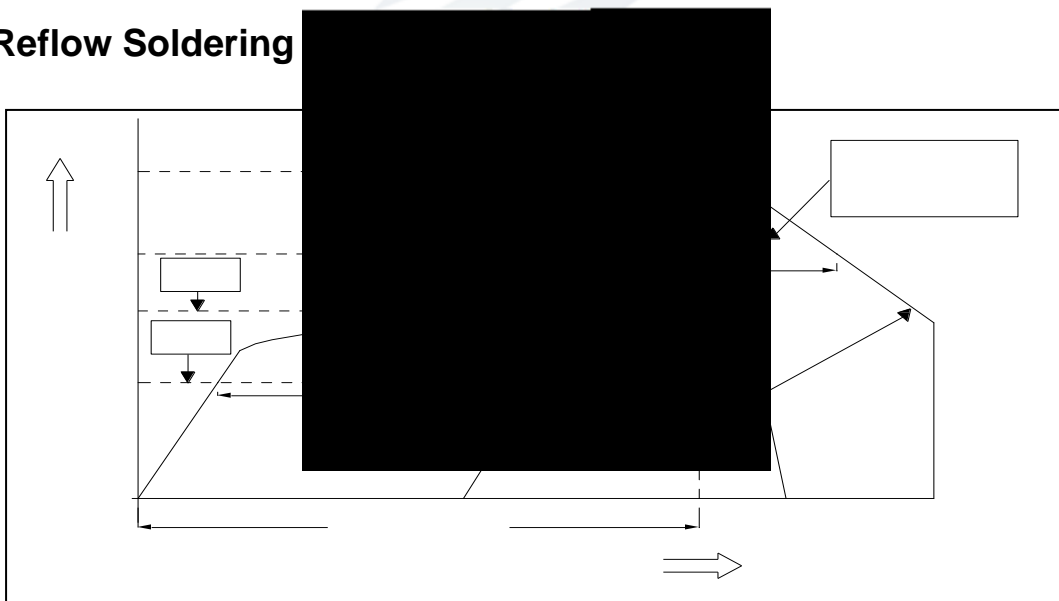


Fig.3-1 Profile

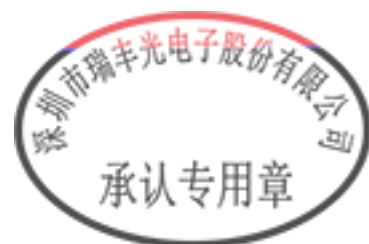


Table 3-1 Description

Average temperature rise speed





caused by heat or atmosphere.

6. This product can differ in optical characteristics depending on the number of reflow cycles. In a single display, only LEDs with same number of reflow cycles should be used regardless of the application type, such as rental and/or permanent installations.

LED.

7. This LED is designed to be reflow soldered on to a PCB. If dip soldered, cannot guarantee its reliability.

LED PCB

### 3.1.1 Soldering Iron

(1) When hand soldering, keep the temperature of iron below less 300 less than 3 seconds

300 3

(2) The hand solder should be done

### 3.1.2 Repairing

Repair should not be done after the LED is damaged. When repairing is unavoidable, a double-head soldering iron should be used. It should be confirmed in advance whether the characteristics of LED will be affected by repairing.

LED

LED

### 3.1.3 Cleaning

The LEDs should not be cleaned with water, benzene, and/or thinner.

/ led

LED

"C" "S"



## 4.Handling Precautions

### 4.1Handling Precautions

#### 4.1.1 Storage

(1) Moisture proof and anti-electrostatic package with moisture absorbent material is used, Suggest storage time is less than 6 months.

(2) Storage condition: temperature  $\leq 30^{\circ}\text{C}$ , humidity  $\leq 60\% \text{ RH}$ .

(3) Before opening the package, please check the package for air leaks, if there exists any air leaks, please return the product to the manufacturer for dehumidification by baking before your second use.

(4) After the package is opened, please store in the specified environment of temperature below  $30^{\circ}\text{C}$ /humidity below  $60\% \text{ RH}$  within 12HR. Unused material must be stored in the environment of temperature below  $30^{\circ}\text{C}$  and humidity below  $10\% \text{ RH}$ , These surplus products should be baked

12 :30 :10%RH  
:65±5 /24H

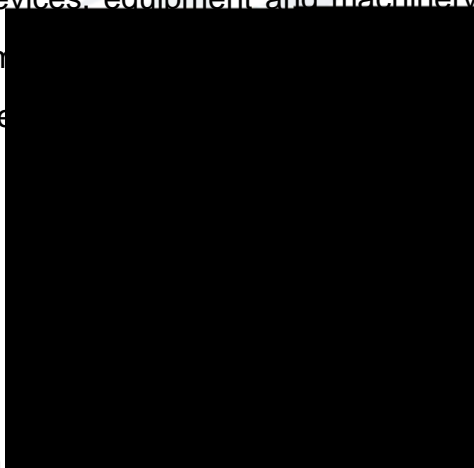
(5) Before SMT, LEDs need to be baked , baking requirement as below :



Customer pre-treatment conditions before use				
Condition before use	undamped Production date 2 months 2	undamped Production date 2-6 months 2-6	undamped Production date 6-12 months 6-12	damped or Production date exceed 12 months 12
Pre-treatment	Baked 65 ±5 /12H 65 ±5 /12H	Baked 65 ±5 /24H 65 ±5 /24H	Baked 65 ±5 /48H 65 ±5 /48H	Return to the original factory for processing

#### 4.1.2 Static Electricity

Static electricity and surge voltage damage the LEDs. Damaged LEDs will show some unusual characteristics such as the forward voltage becomes lower, or the LEDs do not light at the low current and even not light. All devices, equipment and machinery must be properly grounded. At the same time, it is also recommended to use anti-static bands, pads, uniforms, gloves or containers can be used as effective protection for the LEDs.



#### 4.1.3 Reverse voltage protection

In generally the reverse current of LED is very small, it can't effect using the component normally, but when it often suffered the reverse voltage which exceed the limits of the component than it will be damaged, the reverse current increases rapidly causing the string light display gray scale so when designing, please pay attention to control the reverse voltage we suggest the reverse voltage less than 5V.

LED ,  
 ,LED ,  
 , LED 5V.





used for a long time, the main power should be switched off, Dehumidification is necessary before using the screen again.

### LED

(5) Make sure that the reverse voltage will not exceed the Absolute MaxRating when using the LEDs with matrix drive. Ensure that excessive voltages such as lightning surges are not applied to the LEDs.

### LED

### LED

(6) Aging is recommended in order to detect manufacturing and assembly defects. Particularly, make sure that excessive current and/or voltage is not applied to the LEDs. This aging should be conducted in environments where the following conditions occur.

(7) when the LEDs are used in the following environments, incorporate sufficient measures into the display to prevent debris, water vapor, etc. from adversely affecting the product.

- where water vapor is abundant
- where water condensation is likely to occur
- where water is likely to splash onto the LEDs
- where frost is likely to form on the surface of the LEDs (e.g. freezer, ice skating rink, etc.)
- where dust, dirt, debris, loose metallic materials and/or gases that will adversely affect the product are present

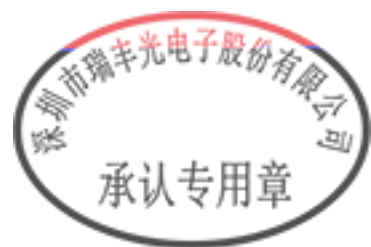
### LED

- 
- 
- 

### LED

-LED





(2) Do not handle the LEDs with bare hands as it will contaminate the LED surface and may affect the optical characteristics: it might cause the LED to be deformed and/or the wire to break, which will cause the LED not to illuminate. The lead could also cause an injury.

LED

LED

LED

LED

(3) Do not stack assembled PCBs together. Otherwise, it may cause damage to the resin (e.g. cut, scratch, chip, crack, delamination and deformation) and the wire to break causing a catastrophic failure (i.e. the LED not to illuminate).

PCB

LED

(4) Other precautions, please refer to our "Ruifeng Photoelectric Full color SMD LED device User Manual".

#### 4.1.7 Declare

(1) This specification is written by Refond. The latter is formal.

(2) Both the customers and Refond should check the specifications of supplied products before

reserves the right to further modify the specifications of supplied products for reference and sample without noticing the customers.







